MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90A CP(OBJECT IN UCM)

Problem: A 5 kg object is in y	niform circular motion traveling a circular path of radius 1.2 m
	n/s. (a) What is the object's centripetal acceleration? (b) What
	ecessary to keep the object in this circular path?
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) EvaluationDoes the sign of the answer agree?	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90B CP(OBJECT IN CIRCULAR MOTION)

Problem: A 3 kg object is being rotated by a string in vertical circular motion of radius 1.6 m. (a) If a constant speed of 5 m/s is maintained for the entire circle, what centripetal force is necessary? (b) What speed is necessary for the object barely to pass the top of the circle but still be in circular motion (i.e., critical speed)?

of the circle but still	be in circular motion (i.e, critical speed)?	
(A) Pictorial Representation		
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 		
(B) Physical Representation		
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).		
(C) Math Representation and Solution		
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?		
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.		
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 		

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90C CP(HORIZONTAL CIRCLE)

Problem: A 150 g ball at the e radius 0.600 m. The acceleration?	nd of a string is revolving uniformly in a horizontal circle of ball makes 2.00 revolutions in a second. What is its centripetal
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first	
to find the acceleration,	
or do you start with forces and	
Newton's second law?	
After you decide and in what we	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second	
law in component form and	
kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer	
agree?	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable?	
- is the magintude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90D CP(HORIZONTAL CIRCLE 2)

	f 210 N is exerted on a 2.0 kg discus as it rotates uniformly in a
	arm's length) of radius 0.90 m. Calculate the speed of the
discus.	
(A) Pictorial Representation	
Representation	
Include:	
• a coordinate axis,	
• a sketch of the situation described	
in the problem.	
• symbols that represent the known values, and	
• a symbol representing the	
unknown(s) that you wish to	
determine.	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary	
important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion	
diagram and a force diagram for the	
system (and for each individual	
object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation	
and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first	
to find the acceleration,	
or do you start with forces and	
Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever	
order you choose, Newton's second	
law in component form and	
kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer agree?	
• Is the unit of the answer correct?	
• Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-91A CP(COIN ON A TURNTABLE)

Problem: A small coin is placed on a flat, horizontal turntable. The turntable is observed to make three revolutions in 3.14 s. (a) What is the speed of the coin when it rides without slipping at a distance 5.0 cm from the center of the turntable? (b) What is the acceleration (magnitude and direction) of the coin? (c) What is the magnitude of the frictional force acting on the coin if the coin has a mas of 2.0 g? (d) What is the coefficient of static friction between the coin and the turntable if the coin is observed to slide off the turntable when it is more than 10 cm from the center of the turntable?

	tote when it is more than to em nom the center of the turntable.
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation	
and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-91B CP(ICE SKATERS)

Problem: On an ice rink, two every 2.5 s. If we as	skaters of equal mass grab hands and spin in a mutual circle once ssume their arms are each 0.80 m long and their individual
	how hard are they pulling on one another?
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) EvaluationDoes the sign of the answer	
agree?Is the unit of the answer correct?Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-92A CP(SPACE STATION)

Problem: A space station in a science fiction novel consists of a circular tube that will rotate about its center (like a bicycle wheel) of about 1.1 km. What must be the rotation speed (revolutions per day) if an effect equal to gravity at the surface of the Earth (1.0g) is to be felt?

(1.0g) is to be felt?	
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-92B CP(JET PILOT)

Problem: A jet pilot takes his airplane in a vertical loop. (a) If the jet is moving at a speed of 1300 km/h at the lowest point of the loop, determine the minimum radius of the circle so that the centripetal acceleration at the lowest point does not exceed 6.0 g's. (b) Calculate the 78 kg pilot's effective weight at the bottom of the circle, and (c) at top of the circle (assume the same speed).

the circle (assume th	ie same speed).
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-93A CP(FERRIS WHEEL)

Droblom , A cornival Forris wh	neel has a 15 m radius and completes five turns about its
	y minute. (a) What is the acceleration of a passenger at the
	What is the acceleration at the lowest point?
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
Include:	
• a coordinate axis,	
• a sketch of the situation described in the problem.	
• symbols that represent the known	
values, anda symbol representing the	
unknown(s) that you wish to	
determine.	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary	
important choice) in the above	
sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the	
system (and for each individual	
object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration,	
or do you start with forces and	
Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever	
order you choose, Newton's second	
law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer agree?	
• Is the unit of the answer correct?	
• Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-93B CP(FERRIS WHEEL 2)

Problem: How many revolutions per minute would a 15 m diameter Ferris wheel need to make for the passengers to feel "weightless" at the topmost point?

(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer agree?	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-94A CP(FRICTION ON CAR)

	static friction for tires on a road is 0.25, at what maximum speed el curve of 47.5 m radius without slipping?
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
 Does the sign of the answer 	
agree?	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable?	

Problem: If the coefficient of static friction for tires on a road is 0.25 at what maximum speed

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-94B CP(FRICTION ON CAR 2)

Problem: How large must the coefficient of static friction be between the tires and the road if a car is to round a level curve of radius 85 m at a speed of 95 km/h?		
(A) Pictorial	1	
Representation		
•		
Include:		
 a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described		
in the problem.		
• symbols that represent the known		
values, and		
• a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to		
determine.		
(B) Physical		
Representation		
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above		
sketch. Then, construct a motion		
diagram and a force diagram for the		
system (and for each individual object of interest).		
object of interest).		
(C) Math Representation		
and Solution		
Do you use kinematics first		
to find the acceleration,		
or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?		
After you decide, apply in whatever		
order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and		
kinematics to determine the answer.		
(D) Evaluation		
 Does the sign of the answer 		
agree?		
• Is the unit of the answer correct?		
• Is the magnitude reasonable?		

Problem. How large must the coefficient of static friction be between the tires and the road if a

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-95A CP(CAR ON A HILL)

Problem: Kerry is driving her new car (of mass 1200 kg) when she encounters a small "bump" in the road. If Kerry maintains a constant speed of 20 m/s over the bump, what is her car's apparent weight at the top of the bump if the bump has a radius of 50 m? (b) If Kerry later goes through a dip in the road whose radius is 32 m, what is her car's apparent weight at the bottom of the bump?	
(A) Pictorial	Ł
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first t to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-95B CP(CAR ON A HILL 2)

Problem: Marvin is driving his new Miata (mass 1200 kg) when he encounters a small "bump" in the road. If Marvelous Marv maintains a constant speed of 25 m/s over the bump, what is his car's apparent weight at the top of the bump if the bump has a radius of 65 m? (b) If Marv later goes through a dip in the road whose radius is 35 m, what is his car's apparent weight at the bottom of the bump with a car speed of 25 m/s?

	at the bottom of the bump with a car speed of 25 m/s.
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer 	
agree?Is the unit of the answer correct?Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96A CP(FERRIS WHEEL 3)

Problem: A 680 N student on a steadily rotating Ferris wheel has an apparent weight of 575 N at the highest point. (a) What is the student's apparent weight at the lowest point? (b) What is the student's apparent weight at the highest point if the wheel's speed is doubled?	
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) EvaluationDoes the sign of the answer agree?	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96B CP(ROLLER COASTER)

Problem: At what minimum speed must a roller coaster be traveling when upside down at the top of the circle so that the passengers will not fall out? Assume a radius of curvature of 7.4 m?

of 7.4 m?	
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
Does the sign of the answer agree?Is the unit of the answer correct?Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96C CP(LOOP THE LOOP)

Problem: At an amusement park loop-the-loop ride, the loop has a radius of 10 m. In one of the cars, you are riding sitting on a scale which measures your apparent weight. Before the rides start, your apparent weight is 800 N. (a) What is your apparent weight at the top of the loop when the car is going 12 m/s? (b) What is your apparent weight at the bottom of the loop when the car is going 18 m/s?

	f of the loop when the car is going to m/s?
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation	
and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law? After you decide, apply in whatever	
order you choose, Newton's second	
law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer	
agree?Is the unit of the answer correct?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96D CP(TARZAN)

Problem: Tarzan (m = 85.0 kg) tries to cross a river by swinging from a vine. The vine is 10.0 m long, and his speed at the bottom of the swing (as he just clears the water) is 8.00 m/s. Tarzan doesn't know that the vine has a breaking strength of 1000N. Does he make it safely across the river? (A) Pictorial Representation Include: • a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described • in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. (B) Physical Representation Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest). (C) Math Representation and Solution Do you use kinematics first _____ to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law _____ After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer. (D) Evaluation • Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct?